

Good Day! We'll start soon!



Elevating University
Visibility:
Harnessing the Power of
Elsevier RI Solutions
(Scopus, SciVal, etc.)



28 November 2023

Bartlomiej Wieckowski, Galina Yakshonak, Kirill Ivanov Research Intelligence Customer Consultants

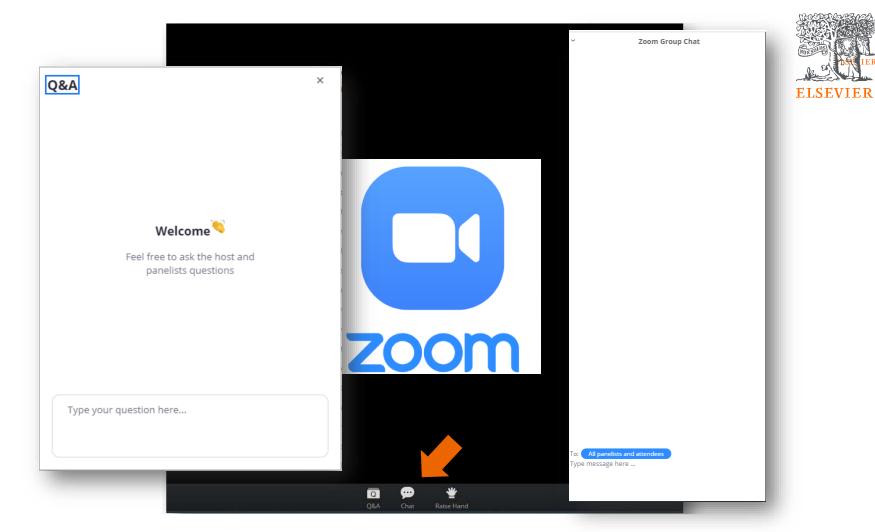














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#### Actuality of elevating University visibility

The rapid growth of the international higher education system has put colleges and universities under pressure

An ever-rising number of institutions are chasing a limited pool of talent and funding

In this competitive environment, raising the profile of an institution is crucial





#### Among key areas

#### Research impact

e.g. Publications in high-quality journals

Research outreach

e.g. research on top-prominent topics

Academia impact

e.g. via University rankings



# Publications in high-quality journals





## Why high-quality journals?



#### High-quality journals are a strategic imperative



#### **Reputation and Prestige**

**Global Visibility** 

Impact and Influence

**Funding Opportunities** 

**Recruitment and Retention** 

**Collaboration and Partnerships** 

**Knowledge Transfer** 

#### The acceleration from the perspective of the institution (I)



the implementation phase

Encourage faculty to engage in cutting-edge research aligned with journal themes.

Establish support mechanisms such as grants and workshops to facilitate faculty publication efforts.

Promote collaboration between research centers and industry partners for impactful projects.

#### The acceleration from the perspective of the institution (II)



#### Continuous impact assessment

Monitor publication metrics (i.e. Scopus & SciVal)

Showcase success stories of faculty publications and their impact on the university's visibility.

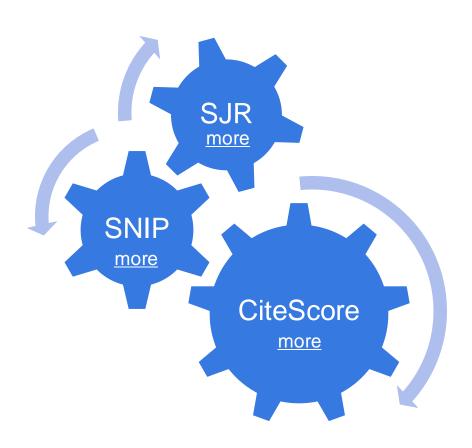
Emphasize the continuous improvement cycle in research and publication strategies.

## by journal quartiles

the first step

#### Available metrics for Scopus data





# Research on top-prominent topics





## What are Research Topics?



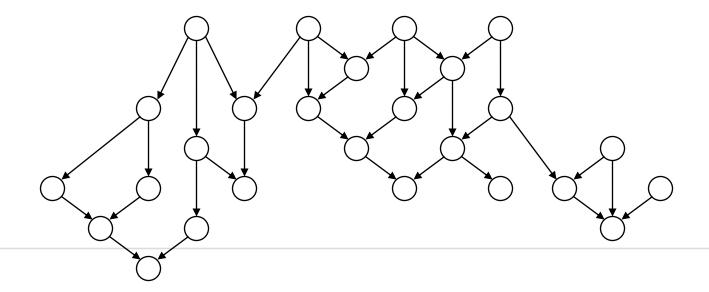
#### Topics and their characteristics

- A topic is a collection of documents with a common intellectual interest
- Topics can be large or small, new or old, growing or declining
- Topics are dynamic and can evolve
- New topics can be born
- Many topics are inherently multidisciplinary
- Old topics may be dormant, but still exist
- Researchers have mobility and can contribute to multiple topics



#### How Topics are identified

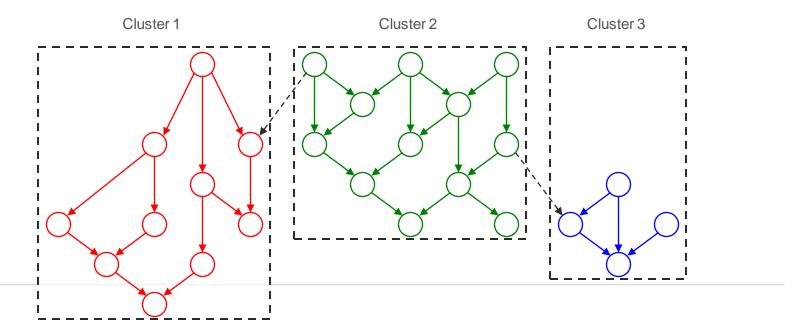
- All Scopus publications are clustered into topics using citation links
- ~68 million publications (1996-present) in ~96,000 topics





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#### Why so many?

- Fine-grained topics define the problem-level structure of science
- Topics really are different from each other
- Dynamics are far easier to discern with fine-grained topics than coarsegrained fields



#### Topic attributes

ID (T.XXXX for Topics and TC.YYYY for Topic Clusters)

Topic name: most frequently used keywords

Prominence

## Prominence

A measurement of **visibility** 



#### New indicator: Topic prominence

- Prominence combines 3 metrics to indicate the momentum of the topic
  - Citation Count in year n to papers published in n and n-1
  - Scopus Views Count in year n to papers published in n and n-1
  - Average CiteScore for year n
- Why call it "Prominence"
  - Prominence ≠ Importance (Topics can be important but not prominent)
  - Prominence ~ Visibility



### For papers, high topic prominence means...

- More likely to be found, read, and cited
- Higher chances to be accepted in a top journal
- Better success rate for grant applications

## Why should we care?

(about Topics, and how to use them to grow your visibility)



### Why should we care (regarding visibility)?



Topics facilitate a granular and up-to-date view of research trends: understand, how your portfolio appears in the global context



Topics can inform your outreach activities: reach relevant audience



Topics can inform your strategic decisions: focus on what will resonate



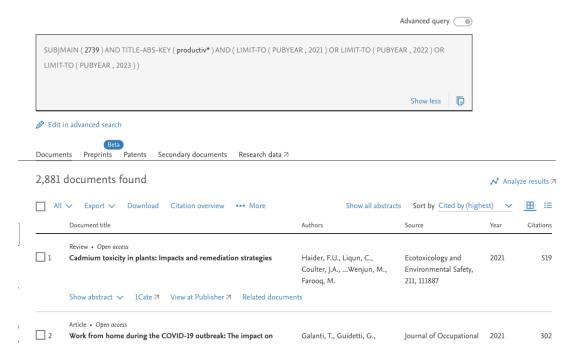
Topics can help your research get more intelligible: speak the terms accepted worldwide

## Example

Utilising Topics for better visibility of your research in Public Health



#### Dfining the area of interest



ASJC field codes for "SUBJMAIN" are available <a href="https://www.sco">https://www.sco</a> <a href="pus.com/sources.uri">pus.com/sources.uri</a> <a href="pus.com/sources.uri">Download Scopus</a> <a href="source-list">Source List</a> <a href="https://www.sco">last</a> sheet

### Identifying exemplary papers

	Article • Open access	C L V T C V L V C	1.50	2021	202
2	Work from home during the COVID-19 outbreak: The impact on employees' remote work productivity, engagement, and stress	Galanti, T., Guidetti, G., Mazzei, E., Zappalà, S., Toscano, F.	Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 63(7), pp. E426–E432	2021	302
	Show abstract V 1Cate 7 View at Publisher 7 Related docum	nents			
	Article • Open access				
3	Early impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the United States construction industry	Alsharef, A., Banerjee, S., Uddin, S.M.J., Albert, A., Jaselskis, E.	International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 18(4), pp. 1–21, 1559	2021	201
	Show abstract マ 1Cate オ View at Publisher オ Related docum	nents			
Π.	Article • Open access			202	105
4	Six key advantages and disadvantages of working from home in europe during covid-19	Ipsen, C., van Veldhoven, M., Kirchner, K., Hansen, J.P.	International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 18(4), pp. 1–19, 1826	2021	185
	Show abstract $\checkmark$ 1Cate $\nearrow$ View at Publisher $\nearrow$ Related documents	nents			
	Review • Open access				
5	A state-of-the-art review on indoor air pollution and strategies for indoor air pollution control	González-Martín, J., Kraakman, N.J.R., Pérez, C., Lebrero, R., Muñoz, R.	Chemosphere, 262, 128376	2021	182
	Show abstract V 1Cate 7 View at Publisher 7 Related docum	nents			

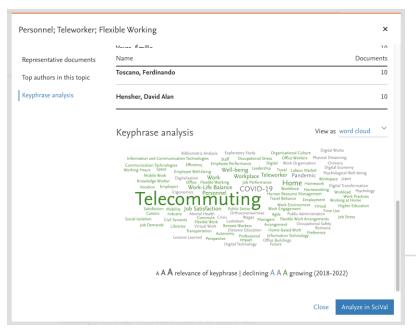
, Zhang, L.

of antimicrobial resistance on humans

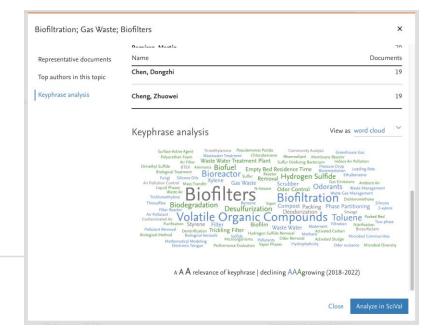
3(1), pp. 32-38

#### Exploring the Topics associated with the papers









## More

The nearest future of Topics and and their full functionality



#### Our plans for Topics for 2024

- We expect to launch the new SciVal Topics in the first half of 2024.
- Drawing upon recent methodological advancements the new updated set of Topics will be more precise and cohesive.
  - A significantly higher proportion of publications will be strongly linked to a Topic, providing greater relevance and precise insights.
- Other benefits:
  - More granularity and precision for Topics that have grown very large over time
  - Improved names for Topics and Topic Clusters
  - Future introduction of new Topic metrics
  - Future developments on Topic growth rate predictions
  - With the launch of the new SciVal Topics, the current Topics will no longer be available.

### SciVal: using Topics at full swing



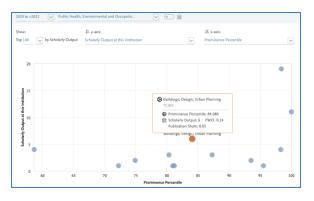
Informing strategic decisions



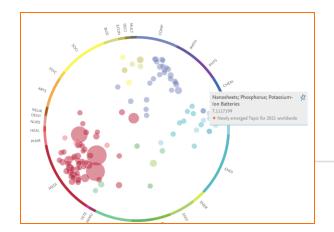
Expert search



Staying up-to-date on hot topics



And more...



	Author	Affiliation	Scholarly Output ↓	Views Count ✓	Field-Weighted Citation Impact 🗸	Citation Count 🗸
1.	Lambert, James H.	USA University of Virginia	22	649	0.86	70
2.	Pennetti, Cody A.	USA University of Virginia	10	207	0.52	26
3.	Polmateer, Thomas L.	USA University of Virginia	10	376	1.04	47
4.	Andrews, Daniel J.	USA University of Virginia	7	254	1.08	40
5.	Collier, Zachary A.	USA Radford University	6	190	0.67	17
6.	Linkov, Igor	Usa United States Army Engineer Research and Development Center	5	164	0.57	9

## University rankings





#### What are University Rankings?

University rankings *aggregate large amounts of information into consistent and comparable formats*, making them an important resource for decision-makers.

Rankings aim to *highlight and compare an institution's relative strengths* in key areas as supportive information and guidance, not only for potential students, but also for researchers and faculty.

A university's reputation and its global visibility are *important indicators* for supporting academic and institutional goals.



#### Quick guide to 7 major ranking reports

This quick reference table provides a look into 7 major and influential ranking reports. Use the information to quickly compare and identify what each of the 7 reports focuses on, and what contributes to their methodologies.



Report: Shanghai Rankings

Focus: Global

Scope: 1800+ institutions are ranked annually, top 1000 are published

Timing: Annually (August)



Report: World University Rankings

Focus: Global

**Scope:** 1,500+ institutions **Timing:** Annually (September)



Report: World University Rankings

Focus: Global

Scope: 1,000 institutions
Timing: Annually (Spring)



Report: Best University Rankings

Focus: Global

**Scope:** 1,500 institutions across more

than 80 countries

Timing: Annually (October)



Report: Impact Rankings

Focus: United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Scope: 768 institutions (changes

annually)

Timing: Annually April



Report: WUR by Subject

Focus: Individual subject areas (48)

**Scope:** 1,000 institutions **Timing:** Annually (Spring)



Report: CWTS Leiden Rankings

Focus: Research-intensive universities

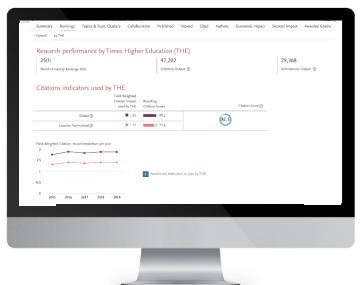
**Scope:** 1,000 institutions **Timing:** Annually (June)



## Analytical Services, SciVal & Scopus:

Providing research information and bibliometric data underpinning significant portions of rankings

Over the past decade, ranking organizations have increasingly turned to Scopus and SciVal for the research information and bibliometric data used to implement their ranking methodologies.





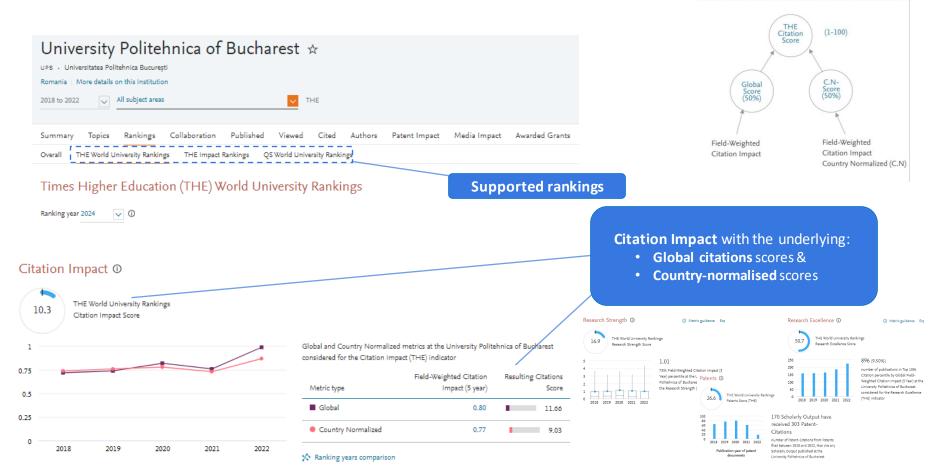




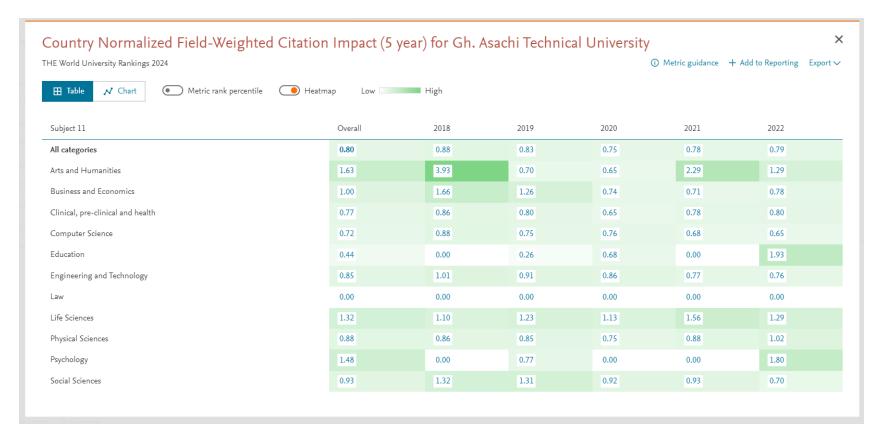




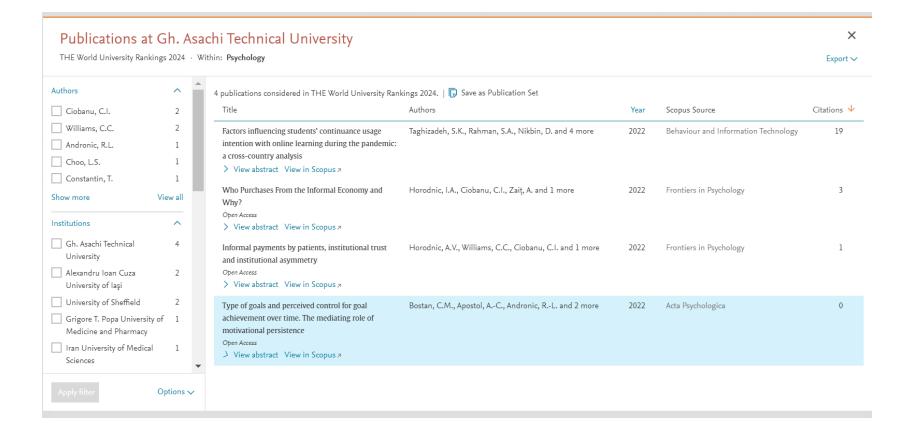
### Analyze the drivers behind the THE



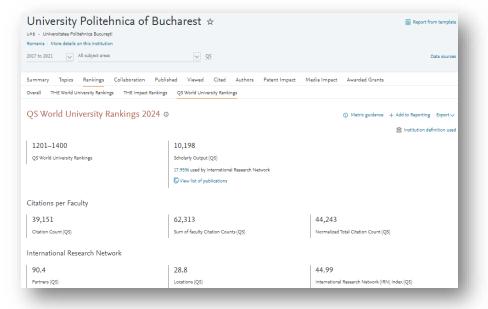
# Impact and potential at subject area level (1)



# Impact and potential at subject area level (2)



# or on QS Rankings

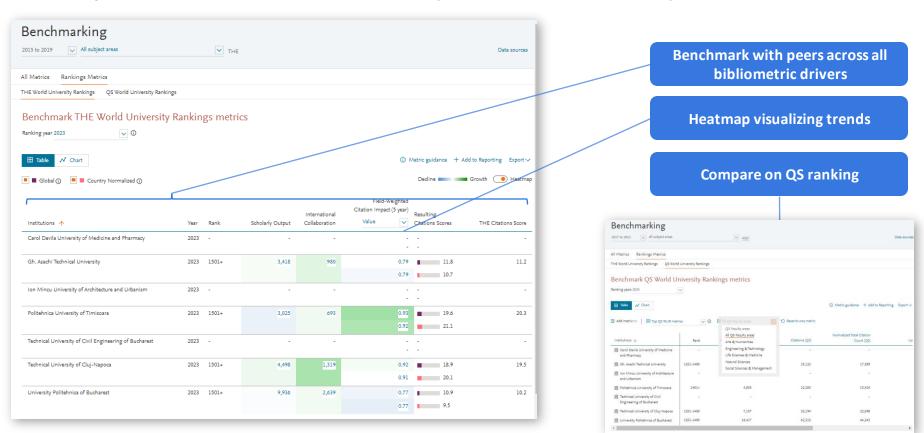


Citations per Faculty o							Metric guidance
Metrics	Arts & Humanities	Engineering & Technology	Life Sciences & Medicine	Natural Sciences	Social Sciences & Management	Total	Deduplicated Count
✓ Scholarly Output (QS)	92	8,701	1,027	5,534	1,063	16,417	10,198
Excluded Scholarly Output	0	229	156	249	6	640	467
Total Scholarly Output	92	8,930	1,183	5,783	1,069	17,057	10,665
✓ Citations (QS)	321	30,729	7,314	20,358	3,591	62,313	39,151
Excluded self-citations	132	11,012	1,643	8,753	1,024	22,564	14,198
Total Citations	453	41,741	8,957	29,111	4,615	84,877	53,349
→ Normalized Total Citation Count (QS)	2,309	26,427	6,033	23,266	3,139	44,243	N/A
Weighting Factor (QS)	15.33	0.63	0.61	0.84	1.98	N/A	N/A
Weighting Adjustment Ratio (QS)	0.47	1.36	1.36	1.36	0.44	N/A	N/A

25 metrics	Arts & Humanities	Engineering & Technology	Life Sciences & Medicine	Natural Sciences	Social Sciences & Management	Total
RN Scholarly Output (QS)	19	1,453	214	1,013	160	1,831
ocations (QS)	2	59	20	52	11	28.8
artners (QS)	2	223	34	175	18	90.4
Ion-Scaled International Research	2.89	10.91	5.67	10.07	3.81	1
nternational Research Network (IRN) ndex (Q5) ①	28.12	77.98	28.74	63.34	26.75	44.99

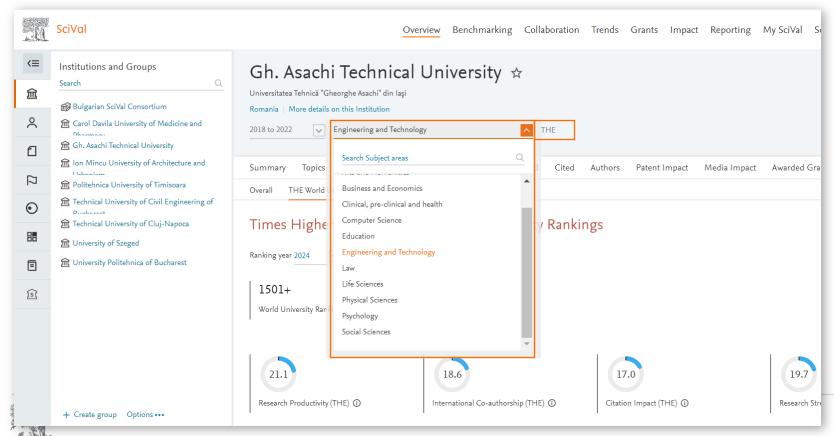
### Benchmark with peers and analyze ranking trends:

Analyses and information to understand performance and inform plans



# Exploring new opportunities

ELSEVIER



### Mapped subject classifications to ASJC

In some cases: the reports according to international classifications (e.g. FORD – Fields of Research and Development) are required.

Together with experts we did mapping. You can find some mappings (including QS, THE) here: <a href="https://service.elsevier.com/app/answers/detail/a\_id/21717/supporthub/scival/kw/qs/#panel3b">https://service.elsevier.com/app/answers/detail/a\_id/21717/supporthub/scival/kw/qs/#panel3b</a>

#### How were the subject classifications mapped to ASJC?

The categories in the Scopus ASJC classification were mapped to equivalent categories in the all classifications.

- The classifications were mapped at category level (ASJC category to target category)
- The ASJC categories were manually mapped to categories in the three other classifications.
- Many categories could be mapped to a single ASJC category. In some cases, multiple ASJC categories were mapped to a single target category, and vice versa

99.2% of publications were mapped from ASJC to the FoR, FORD and REF 2014 classifications. Only the ASJC category "Multidisciplinary" was not mapped to a category in the other classifications because there was no equivalent.

#### Download the mappings:

- ↓ THE (Excel sheet)
- ↓ REF 2014 (Excel sheet)
- ↓ QS (Excel sheet)
- ↓ KAKEN (Excel sheet)
- ↓ FORD (Excel sheet)
- → FoR (Excel sheet)



### Mapping file

Example: «THE to ASJC mapping». Life Sciences in THE classification – 32, in ASJC subject categories accordingly: 1100 or 1101 or 1102 or 1103 or 1104 or 1105 or 1106 or 1107 or 1108 or 1109 or 1110 or 1111 or 1300 or 1301 or 1302 or 1303 or 1304 or 1305 or 1307 or 1308 or 1309 or 1311 or 1312 or 1313 or 1314 or 1315 or 2400 or 2401 or 2402 or 2403 or 2404 or 2405 or 2406 or 2702 or 2723 or 2732 or 3005 or 3400 or 3401 or 3402 or 3403 or 3404

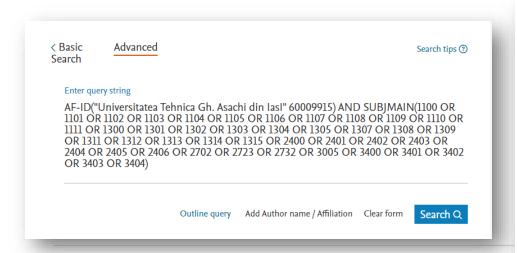
THE_subject_i	THE_subject_area	asjc334	-
32	Life Sciences	11	.00
32	Life Sciences	11	.01
32	Life Sciences	11	.02
32	Life Sciences	11	.03
32	Life Sciences	11	.04
32	Life Sciences	11	.05
32	Life Sciences	11	.06
32	Life Sciences	11	.07
32	Life Sciences	11	.08
32	Life Sciences	11	.09
32	Life Sciences	11	10
32	Life Sciences	11	11
32	Life Sciences	13	00

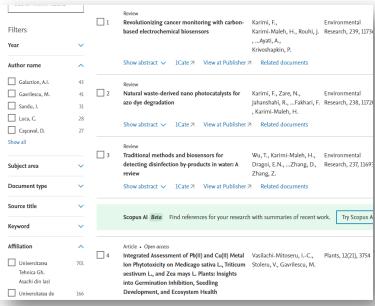


### **How to use in Scopus**

In "Advanced search" create a query with these subject categories codes, using search field SUBJMAIN and add affiliation profile's ID or author profile's ID.

Example: number of publications on Life Sciences (THE classification) for Universitatea Tehnica Gh. Asachi din lasl: AF-ID (60009915) AND SUBJMAIN (1100 or 1101 or 1102 or 1103 or 1104 or 1105 or 1106 or 1107 or 1108 or 1109 or 1110 or 1111 or 1300 or 1301 or 1302 or 1303 or 1304 or 1305 or 1307 or 1308 or 1309 or 1311 or 1312 or 1313 or 1314 or 1315 or 2400 or 2401 or 2402 or 2403 or 2404 or 2405 or 2406 or 2702 or 2723 or 2732 or 3005 or 3400 or 3401 or 3402 or 3403 or 3404)





# Useful links



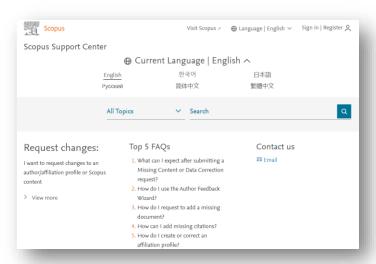


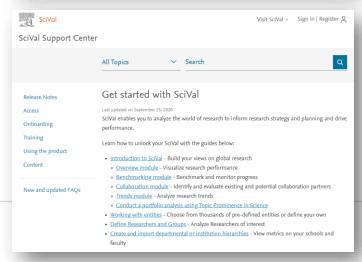
## Getting help

- Scopus Support Center https://service.elsevier.com/app/overview/scopus/
- SciVal Support Center
   <a href="https://service.elsevier.com/app/answers/detail/a\_id/31424/supporthub/scival/">https://service.elsevier.com/app/answers/detail/a\_id/31424/supporthub/scival/</a>
- Central and Eastern Europe Customer Hub <a href="https://www.elsevier.com/en-xm/events/webinars/elsevier-training-and-demo-webinars">https://www.elsevier.com/en-xm/events/webinars/elsevier-training-and-demo-webinars</a>
- Contact us if you have any questions on reporting by Scopus or SciVal

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### How to get the certification of attendance?

1. Go to webpage: <a href="https://researcheracademy.elsevier.com/workshop">https://researcheracademy.elsevier.com/workshop</a>



### Workshop



- 2. In the selected field put event code JFZQWX and click *Submit*.
- 3. You will be asked to take a survey. When it has done, you will be able to download your certificate.

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# Your opinion is important to us, stay in touch!







# Thank you

